Safety Data Sheet according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012. Issue date: 8/24/2021 Revision date: 8/24/2021 Version: 1.0

# COOLJECT<sup>™</sup> TOPICAL ANESTHETIC CANISTER

# 2 WT. OZ. (60GM) For use only with Coolject Accessory

	1.1.	Identification
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Product form Product name Product code : Mixture

: CoolJect Topical Anesthetic Canister

: VM02000

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture

: Topical Anesthetic

1.3. Supplier

### Manufacturer

Vapocoolshot, Inc 645 Park of Commerce Way. Boca Raton, Fl. 33487 USA T 1-833-cooljct,1-833-266-5528 Vapocoolshot.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: 1-833-cooljct, (1-833-266-5528)

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2.1. Classification of the substance of	or mixture	
GHS US classification		
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated	
Simple Asphy	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation	
2.2. GHS Label elements, including p	precautionary statements	
GHS US labeling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS US)		
	: Warning	
Signal word (GHS US)	: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation	
signal word (GHS US) Hazard statements (GHS US)		

This product does not contain any substance classified as PBT or vPvB.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

### Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane	CAS-No.: 460-73-1	>90
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	CAS-No.: 811-97-2	<10

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4: First-aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical advice/attention immediately if you feel unwell. DO NOT give epinephrine (adrenaline).	,
First-aid measures after skin contact	: If skin irritation occurs: Wash skin with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists. If frostbite occurs thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. I not use hot water.	Do
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First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion	<ul> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If frostbite occurs thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water (lifting lids occasionally to facilitate irrigation). Do not rub affected area. Do not use hot water.</li> <li>Not expected to be a primary route of exposure. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention immediately if you feel unwell. DO NOT give stimulants.</li> </ul>
4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	ects (acute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death. When oxygen levels in air reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of ashyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause frostbite on contact the liquefied gas.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling. May cause frostbite on contact the liquefied gas.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Discomfort due to volatility would be expected.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing	j media
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	<ul><li>: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.</li><li>: Do not use water jet.</li></ul>
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chem	nical
Fire hazard Explosion hazard	<ul> <li>Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include harmful gases and vapors.</li> <li>Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources contact with certain reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).</li> </ul>
5.3. Special protective equipment and prec	autions for fire-fighters
Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	<ul> <li>Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH approved breathing apparatus for protection against possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.</li> <li>Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).</li> </ul>

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SECTION 6: Accidental release me	easures
6.1. Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
No additional information available	
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
No additional information available	
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent release to the environment	
6.3. Methods and material for contain	ment and cleaning up
For containment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Methods for cleaning up	: Provide ventilation and allow gas to dissipate.
6.4. Reference to other sections	

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Additional hazards when processed Precautions for safe handling Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Container under pressure. Do not drill or burn even after use. Risk of explosion.</li> <li>Avoid contact with eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not swallow. Wher using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle and open container with care. Keep container upright. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled area. Evacuate area.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash hands after handling the product.</li> </ul>
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Store tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect against physical damage. Do not subject to temperatures above 120'F(50'C). Do not store near heat source or expose to high temperatures. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep only in original containers.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters		
CoolJect Topical Anesthetic Canister		
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Comply with federal, state, and local laws.		
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls		
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul><li>Ensure good ventilation of the work station.</li><li>Avoid release to the environment.</li></ul>	

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### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

### Hand protection:

Wear suitable impervious gloves. Neoprene, nitrile or butyl rubber.

#### Eye protection:

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product. Contact lenses should not be worn under such conditions. Avoid contact with eyes.

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.

#### **Respiratory protection:**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mist.

#### Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical	properties
9.1. Information on basic physical and o	chemical properties
Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Aerosol. Liquefied gas
Color	: Colorless Liquid
Odor	: Faint Ethereal, Sweet
Ddor threshold	: No data available
н	: No data available
lelting point	: No data available
reezing point	: No data available
oiling point	: 7 °C (44.6 °F)
lash point	: None
elative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: >1
lammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable.
apor pressure	: (@72 °F): 10.8 psig
elative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.3 @ 20'C
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: No data available

BP)

Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 4.7 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (Air=1 E
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available

### Oxidizing properties : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Comply with federal, state, and local laws.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

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#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Heat. Incompatible materials. Avoid sources of ignition such as sparks, hot spots, welding flames and lighted cigarettes which may yield toxic and/or corrosive decomposition products. Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure. Pressurized container may burst if heated.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis, reactive metals e.g., powdered or freshly abraded aluminum (may cause strong exothermic reactions), sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, zinc, molten aluminum, barium, and lithium shavings.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Halogens and halogen acids; and possibly carbonyl halides.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: 4.7 mm²/s (Air=1 BP)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death. Evidence of transient anesthetic effect. 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Lowest observed adverse effect level for cardiac sensitization was 75,000ppm.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause frostbite on contact the liquefied gas. Not a skin sensitizer.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling. May cause frostbite on contact the liquefied gas.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Other information	: Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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12.2. Persistence and degradability				
CoolJect Topical Anesthetic Canister				
Persistence and degradability Not established.				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
CoolJect Topical Anesthetic Canister				
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.			
12.4. Mobility in soil				
No additional information available				
12.5. Other adverse effects				

Other information

: No other effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Disposal methods		
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.	
Additional information	: Container under pressure. Do not drill or burn even after use. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Gas is dissipated rapidly in a ventilated area.	

SECTION 14: Transport information		
In accordance with DOT		
14.1. UN number		
DOT NA No	: UN 1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Aerosols, Liquefied Gas, N.O.S (1,1,1,3,3-Pentalfuoropropane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluroethane)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
DOT Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT) CLASS 2.2, Non-flammable Gas	<ul> <li>2.2 Liquefied Gas, N.O.S (1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluropropane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluroethane)</li> <li>2.2 Limited quantities</li> </ul>	
14.4. Packing group Packing group (DOT)	: Not applicable	

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14.5. Environmental hazards	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed as Active, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

### **15.2. International regulations**

Gas is dissipated rapidly in a ventilated area.

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information					
according to the Hazard Communication	Standard (CFR29 191	10.1200) HazCom 2012.			
Issue date	: 08/24/2	2021			
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Other information	: None.				
Prepared by		g Compliance Inc. <u>Nexreg.com</u>	N E X R E G		

Full text of H-phrases	
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
Simple Asphy	Simple Asphyxiant

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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